## Price elasticity of demand 2\_Formula

## 1 Example

Calculation of the price elasticity of demand at a given point (P = 6, Q = 2) of a linear demand function (numbers in absolute values):



(1) Price elasticity of demand =  $\frac{\% \text{ change in quantity demanded}}{\% \text{ change in price}}$ , therefore, (2)

(2) Price elasticity of demand = 
$$(\frac{\Delta Q}{Q} * 100) / (\frac{\Delta P}{P} * 100) = \frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta P} * \frac{P}{Q}$$

(3) Slope (constant) = 
$$\frac{\Delta P}{\Delta Q} = \frac{10}{5} = 2$$
 ( $\frac{\Delta P}{\Delta Q} \rightarrow$  reciprocal value of  $\frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta P}$ )

(4) Price elasticity of demand = 
$$\frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta P} * \frac{P}{Q} = \frac{1}{\text{Slope}} * \frac{P}{Q} = \frac{1}{2} * \frac{6}{2} = 1.5$$

Price elasticity of demand 2\_Formula.doc

2 Calculation of the price elasticity of demand in points a,b and c



a Price elasticity of demand =  $\frac{1}{\text{Slope}} * \frac{P}{Q} = \frac{1}{2} * \frac{10}{0} = \infty$ 

b Price elasticity of demand = 
$$\frac{1}{\text{Slope}} * \frac{P}{Q} = \frac{1}{2} * \frac{5}{2.5} = 1$$

c Price elasticity of demand =  $\frac{1}{\text{Slope}} * \frac{P}{Q} = \frac{1}{2} * \frac{0}{5} = \mathbf{0}$ 

It can be seen that the price elasticity of demand decreases continuously from a to c because  $\frac{P}{Q}$  becomes smaller, while the slope and, therefore,  $\frac{1}{\text{Slope}}$  remain constant over the whole range of P and Q:

P 10, Q 0	P 8, Q 1	P 6, Q 2	P 4, Q 3	P 2, Q 4	P 0, Q 5
$\frac{P}{Q} = \infty$	$\frac{P}{Q} = 8$	$\frac{P}{Q} = 3$	<u>P</u> = 1.333	$\frac{P}{Q} = 0.5$	$\frac{P}{Q} = 0$
$\frac{1}{\text{Slope}} * \frac{P}{Q} =$					
$\infty$	4	1.5	0.666	0.25	0

- 3 Cases of constant price elasticity of demand
- 3.1 Horizontal demand



3.2. Vertical demand

